



ATIS-1000669.1999(S2020)

**Signalling System Number 7 (SS7) – Intermediate Network
Selection (INS)**

AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARD FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS



As a leading technology and solutions development organization, ATIS brings together the top global ICT companies to advance the industry's most-pressing business priorities. Through ATIS committees and forums, nearly 200 companies address cloud services, device solutions, emergency services, M2M communications, cyber security, ehealth, network evolution, quality of service, billing support, operations, and more. These priorities follow a fast-track development lifecycle — from design and innovation through solutions that include standards, specifications, requirements, business use cases, software toolkits, and interoperability testing.

ATIS is accredited by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI). ATIS is the North American Organizational Partner for the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP), a founding Partner of oneM2M, a member and major U.S. contributor to the International Telecommunication Union (ITU) Radio and Telecommunications sectors, and a member of the Inter-American Telecommunication Commission (CITEL). For more information, visit < www.atis.org >.

AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARD

Approval of an American National Standard requires review by ANSI that the requirements for due process, consensus, and other criteria for approval have been met by the standards developer.

Consensus is established when, in the judgment of the ANSI Board of Standards Review, substantial agreement has been reached by directly and materially affected interests. Substantial agreement means much more than a simple majority, but not necessarily unanimity. Consensus requires that all views and objections be considered, and that a concerted effort be made towards their resolution.

The use of American National Standards is completely voluntary; their existence does not in any respect preclude anyone, whether he has approved the standards or not, from manufacturing, marketing, purchasing, or using products, processes, or procedures not conforming to the standards.

The American National Standards Institute does not develop standards and will in no circumstances give an interpretation of any American National Standard. Moreover, no person shall have the right or authority to issue an interpretation of an American National Standard in the name of the American National Standards Institute. Requests for interpretations should be addressed to the secretariat or sponsor whose name appears on the title page of this standard.

CAUTION NOTICE: This American National Standard may be revised or withdrawn at any time. The procedures of the American National Standards Institute require that action be taken periodically to reaffirm, revise, or withdraw this standard. Purchasers of American National Standards may receive current information on all standards by calling or writing the American National Standards Institute.

Notice of Disclaimer & Limitation of Liability

The information provided in this document is directed solely to professionals who have the appropriate degree of experience to understand and interpret its contents in accordance with generally accepted engineering or other professional standards and applicable regulations. No recommendation as to products or vendors is made or should be implied.

NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY IS MADE THAT THE INFORMATION IS TECHNICALLY ACCURATE OR SUFFICIENT OR CONFORMS TO ANY STATUTE, GOVERNMENTAL RULE OR REGULATION, AND FURTHER, NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY IS MADE OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR AGAINST INFRINGEMENT OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS. ATIS SHALL NOT BE LIABLE, BEYOND THE AMOUNT OF ANY SUM RECEIVED IN PAYMENT BY ATIS FOR THIS DOCUMENT, AND IN NO EVENT SHALL ATIS BE LIABLE FOR LOST PROFITS OR OTHER INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES. ATIS EXPRESSLY ADVISES THAT ANY AND ALL USE OF OR RELIANCE UPON THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THIS DOCUMENT IS AT THE RISK OF THE USER.

<p>NOTE - The user's attention is called to the possibility that compliance with this standard may require use of an invention covered by patent rights. By publication of this standard, no position is taken with respect to whether use of an invention covered by patent rights will be required, and if any such use is required no position is taken regarding the validity of this claim or any patent rights in connection therewith. Please refer to [http://www.atis.org/legal/patentinfo.asp] to determine if any statement has been filed by a patent holder indicating a willingness to grant a license either without compensation or on reasonable and non-discriminatory terms and conditions to applicants desiring to obtain a license.</p>
--

ATIS-1000669.1999(S2020), *Signalling System Number 7 (SS7) – Intermediate Network Selection (INS)*

Is an American National Standard developed by the **Signaling, Architecture, and Control (SAC)** Subcommittee under the **ATIS Packet Technologies and Systems Committee (PTSC)**.

Published by

Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions
1200 G Street, NW, Suite 500
Washington, DC 20005

Copyright © 2020 by Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions
All rights reserved.

No part of this publication may be reproduced in any form, in an electronic retrieval system or otherwise, without the prior written permission of the publisher. For information contact ATIS at 202.628.6380. ATIS is online at < <http://www.atis.org> >.

T1.669-1999

American National Standard
for Telecommunications –

Signalling System Number 7 (SS7) –
Intermediate Network Selection (INS)

Secretariat

Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions

Approved December 29, 1999

American National Standards Institute, Inc.

American National Standard

Approval of an American National Standard requires review by ANSI that the requirements for due process, consensus, and other criteria for approval have been met by the standards developer.

Consensus is established when, in the judgement of the ANSI Board of Standards Review, substantial agreement has been reached by directly and materially affected interests. Substantial agreement means much more than a simple majority, but not necessarily unanimity. Consensus requires that all views and objections be considered, and that a concerted effort be made towards their resolution.

The use of American National Standards is completely voluntary; their existence does not in any respect preclude anyone, whether he has approved the standards or not, from manufacturing, marketing, purchasing, or using products, processes, or procedures not conforming to the standards.

The American National Standards Institute does not develop standards and will in no circumstances give an interpretation of any American National Standard. Moreover, no person shall have the right or authority to issue an interpretation of an American National Standard in the name of the American National Standards Institute. Requests for interpretations should be addressed to the secretariat or sponsor whose name appears on the title page of this standard.

CAUTION NOTICE: This American National Standard may be revised or withdrawn at any time. The procedures of the American National Standards Institute require that action be taken periodically to reaffirm, revise, or withdraw this standard. Purchasers of American National Standards may receive current information on all standards by calling or writing the American National Standards Institute.

Published by

**American National Standards Institute, Inc.
11 West 42nd Street, New York, NY 10036**

Copyright © 2000 by Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions
All rights reserved.

No part of this publication may be reproduced in any form, in an electronic retrieval system or otherwise, without prior written permission of the publisher.

Printed in the United States of America

Contents

	Page
Foreword	ii
1 Scope, Purpose, and Application	1
2 Normative Reference.....	1
3 Definitions and Acronyms.....	1
4 Description of Network Capability.....	2
5 Functional Capabilities and Information Flows	4
6 Protocol and procedures	9
Figures	
1 INS Routing Scenario	3
2 FE Model for INS	5
3 SDL Diagram for SEP.....	7
4 SDL Diagram for SCCP Relay Node	8
5 INS Parameter	9
6 Intermediate Network Selection SDL.....	16

Foreword (This foreword is not part of American National Standard T1.669-1999.)

This document is entitled *American National Standard for Telecommunications - Signalling System Number 7 (SS7) - Intermediate Network Selection (INS)*. INS is a network capability that allows an application process in the origination network to specify a single intermediate signalling network for non-circuit-associated signalling messages. This network capability also includes functionality to allow the selected intermediate network to make use of the number portability routing information derived at a number-portability-specific translation node. INS has been developed for use between U.S. networks to meet the anticipated needs and applications of those entities. This standard is the result of extensive work by members of the T1S1.3 Working Group on U.S. Standards for Common Channel Signalling.

This standard is intended for use in conjunction with *American National Standard for Telecommunications - Signalling System Number 7 (SS7) - Signalling Connection Control Part (SCCP)*, T1.112-1996, which includes an overview, messages and signals, protocol formats, procedures, and a chapter on performance. It should be noted, however, that some procedures specific to this standard are extensions beyond T1.112-1996.

Footnotes are not officially part of this standard.

Future control of this document will reside with Accredited Standards Committee on Telecommunications, T1. This control of additions to the specification, such as protocol evolution, new applications and operational requirements, will permit compatibility among U.S. networks. Such additions will be incorporated in an orderly manner with due consideration to the ITU-T layered model principles, conventions, and functional boundaries.

Suggestions for improvement of this standard will be welcome. These should be sent to the Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions, T1 Secretariat, 1200 G Street, NW, Suite 500, Washington DC 20005.

This standard was processed and approved for submittal to ANSI by the Accredited Standards Committee on Telecommunications, T1. Committee approval of this standard does not necessarily imply that all committee members voted for its approval. At the time it approved this standard, the T1 Committee had the following members:

- G. H. Peterson, Chairman
- E. R. Hapeman, Vice-Chairman
- S. M. Carioti, T1 Disciplines
- S. D. Barclay, T1 Secretary

Jim Lord, Senior Editor

<i>Organization Represented</i>	<i>Name of Representative</i>
EXCHANGE CARRIERS	
Ameritech	Fred Kujawski
	Larry A. Young (Alt.)
AT&T Wireless Services, Inc.	David Holmes
Bell Atlantic.....	Roger Nucho
	James F. Baskin (Alt.)
Bellcore	James C. Staats
	Cliff Halevi (Alt.)
BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.	Malcolm Threlkeld, Jr.
	John Spencer (Alt.)
GTE Telephone Operations	Bernard J. Harris
	Richard L. Cochran (Alt.)
SBC Communications, Inc.	C. C. Bailey
	Robert J. Hall (Alt.)

<i>Organization Represented</i>	<i>Name of Representative</i>
Sprint - Local Telecommunications Division.....	Leroy D. Kellogg
US Telephone Association (USTA).....	Paul Hart
	Anthony Pupek (Alt.)
US WEST.....	James L. Eitel
	Darryl Debault (Alt.)
INTEREXCHANGE CARRIERS	
AT&T.....	Charles A. Dvorak
	Jeffrey George (Alt.)
AT&T Canada Long Distance Services.....	David H. Whyte
Bell Canada.....	P. Norman Smith
	Joseph A. Zebarth (Alt.)
Comsat Corporation.....	Mark T. Neibert
	Prakash Chitre (Alt.)
General Communication, Inc.....	Derek L. Welton
	C. R. Baugh (Alt.)
MCI Worldcom.....	Yi-Shang Shen
	J. Martin Carroll (Alt.)
Sprint - Long Distance Division.....	Thomas G. Croda
	James Lord (Alt.)
MANUFACTURERS	
3COM.....	Fred Lucas
	Richard L. Stuart (Alt.)
ADC Telecommunications, Inc.....	Cliff Davidow
	Don Berryman (Alt.)
Advanced Micro Devices.....	Terry L. Cole
	Jim Kubinec (Alt.)
Airspan Communications Corporation.....	Douglas M. McCalister
	Chris Rogers (Alt.)
Alcatel USA, Inc.....	Ken Biholar
	Bill Powell (Alt.)
AMP, Inc.....	Keith Leto
Aware, Inc.....	Michael Tzannes
	William Meyer (Alt.)
Centillum Technology.....	Syed Abbas
	Guozhu Long (Alt.)
Ciena Corporation.....	Rajender Razdan
	Jerry Shrimpton (Alt.)
Conexant Systems, Inc.....	Quentin C. Cassen
Diamond Lane Communications.....	William Buck
	Reuven Segev (Alt.)
ECI Telecom, Inc.....	Ron Murphy
	Todd Poole (Alt.)
Ericsson, Inc.....	Linda Troy
	Stephen Hayes (Alt.)
Fujitsu America, Inc.....	Kenneth T. Coit
	Hirohiko Yamamoto (Alt.)
General DataComm, Inc.....	Fred Cronin
	William Conway (Alt.)
Globespan Semiconductor, Inc.....	Massimo Sorbara
	Clete Gardenhour (Alt.)
Harris Corporation.....	Amin Varis
Hekimian Laboratories.....	William H. Duncan
Hewlett-Packard.....	Karen Higginbottom
	Richard van Gelder (Alt.)
Hughes Network Systems, Inc.....	Leonard Golding
	Enrique Laborde (Alt.)
Intel Corporation.....	Chris Hansen
	Narjala Bhasker (Alt.)
Lucent Technologies.....	John H. Bobsin
	Dave R. Andersen (Alt.)
Megaxess/Atanet, Inc.....	Sree Sistla
	D. Vaman (Alt.)
Motorola, Inc.....	Ken Skurnack
	Dan Grossman (Alt.)

<i>Organization Represented</i>	<i>Name of Representative</i>
NEC America, Inc.	Donovan Nak
Next Level Communications.....	Hajime Koto (Alt.)
Nokia Telecommunications, Inc.....	Sabit Say
	Jeffrey Weber (Alt.)
	Chris Wallace
Nortel Networks	Walt Tamminen (Alt.)
	Mel N. Woinsky
	Ed Eckert (Alt.)
Oki America, Inc.	Henri Suyderhoud
	Hisao Fujikawa (Alt.)
Orckit Communications	James Szeliga
	Nigel Cole (Alt.)
Paradyne Corporation	Richard K. Smith
	Phil Kyees (Alt.)
Picturetel Corporation.....	Marshall Schachtman
	David Lindbergh (Alt.)
Pirelli TSG	John McDonough
	Luis Tondi-Resta (Alt.)
Qualcomm, Inc.	Mark Epstein
	Ed Tiedemann (Alt.)
RelTec Corporation	Mark Scott
	Leroy Baker (Alt.)
Siemens Information and Communication Networks, Inc.....	David E. Francisco
	Dennis Edinger (Alt.)
ST Microelectronics	Jean-J Raynal
	Roy Harvey (Alt.)
Symmetricon, Inc.....	M. J. Narasimha
	Phil Mann (Alt.)
Telecommunications Techniques	Bernard E. Worne
	Doug Holly (Alt.)
Tellabs Operations, Inc.....	Jim Orme
	Tom Rarick (Alt.)
Texas Instruments	James T. Carlo
	Pete Chow (Alt.)
Transwitch Corporation	Jitender Vij
	Edwin Soltysiak (Alt.)
Westell Technologies, Inc.....	George N. Pitsoulakis
	Rama Mwikalo (Alt.)
GENERAL INTEREST	
ABC, Inc.	Warner W. Johnston
Aerial Communications.....	George P. Lynch
	Rob Rowe (Alt.)
BellSouth Cellular Corporation	Don Zelmer
	Scott Fox (Alt.)
C.S.I. Telecommunications.....	Michael S. Newman
	William J. Buckley (Alt.)
CDMA Development Group	Sam Samra
	Jim Takach (Alt.)
Defense Information Systems Agency	Don Choi
GSM North America	Linda Melvin
MediaOne Labs	Paul Hughes
	Jim Dahl (Alt.)
Microcell Connexions	Marilyn Poirier
	Jean-Louis Gauvreau (Alt.)
National Telephone Cooperative Association.....	Paul M. Johnson
	Scott Reiter (Alt.)
National Communications System.....	Nicholas Andre
	F. McClelland (Alt.)
National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)	Thomas Ndousse-Fetter
	David Cypher (Alt.)
National Telecommunications and Information Administration/Institute for Telecommunication Sciences (NTIA/ITS)	William F. Utlaut
	Neal B. Seitz (Alt.)
Omnipoint Corporation	Gary K. Jones
	Albert H. Yuhan (Alt.)

<i>Organization Represented</i>	<i>Name of Representative</i>
Pacific Bell Wireless	David Williams Randolph Wohler (Alt.)
Powertel, Inc.	Irfan Khan
Rural Utilities Service	Orren E. Cameron III Norberto Esteves (Alt.)

Technical Subcommittee T1S1 on Services, Architecture, and Signalling, which was responsible for the development of this standard, had the following members:

W. R. Zeuch, Chairman
J. Hilton, Vice-Chairman
M. Geissinger, Secretary

<i>Organization Represented</i>	<i>Name of Representative</i>
ADC Telecommunications, Inc.	George Frank Gary Hansen (Alt.)
Airspan Communications Corporation	Douglas M. McCalister Chris Rogers (Alt.)
Alcatel USA, Inc.	Albert Azzam Sadik Okar (Alt.)
Ameritech	Mike Tisiker Don Mickel (Alt.)
Ascom Enterprise Networks	Z. Putnins
AT&T	Doris S. Lebovits John Keselica (Alt.)
Atmosphere Networks, Inc.	Scott White Alex Dobrushin (Alt.)
Bell Atlantic	Dana Shillingburg Michael Brusca (Alt.)
Bell Canada	Stewart Patch P. Norman Smith (Alt.)
Bellcore	Selvan Rengasami Wesley Downum (Alt.)
BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.	Robert V. Epley David Whitney (Alt.)
Billing Concepts	Betty Cockrell
Comsat Corporation	Mark T. Neibert Faris Faris (Alt.)
C.S.I. Telecommunications	Michael S. Newman William J. Buckley (Alt.)
Defense Information Systems Agency	Don Choi Ralph Liguori (Alt.)
Ericsson, Inc.	Linda Troy
Fujitsu America, Inc.	Kenneth T. Coit Amalendu Chatterjee (Alt.)
General DataComm, Inc.	Mike McLoughlin
GTE Telephone Operations	Jay R. Hilton D. J. Kostas (Alt.)
Hekimian Laboratories	Greg Miller William H. Duncan (Alt.)
Hewlett-Packard	Richard van Gelder James G. Baker (Alt.)
Lucent Technologies	Robert B. Waller Wayne R. Zeuch (Alt.)
MCI Worldcom	Yatendra Pathak Bernard Ku (Alt.)
MediaOne Labs	Paul Hughes Jim Dahl (Alt.)
Megaxess/Atanet, Inc.	Sree Sistla D. Vaman (Alt.)
National Communications System	Nicholas Andre Dale Barr (Alt.)

<i>Organization Represented</i>	<i>Name of Representative</i>
National Telecommunications and Information Administration/Institute for Telecommunication Sciences (NTIA/ITS)	Randy S. Bloomfield William F. Utlaut (Alt.)
NEC America, Inc.	Kuei Y. Kou Donovan Nak (Alt.)
Nokia Telecommunications, Inc.	Jean-Luc Bouthemy Walt Tamminen (Alt.)
Nortel Networks	Mel N. Woinsky Lewis C. Robart (Alt.)
Oki America, Inc.	Henri Suyderhoud Hisao Fujikawa (Alt.)
Omnipoint Corporation	Albert H. Yuhan Gary K. Jones (Alt.)
Paradyne Corporation	Richard K. Smith Phil Kyees (Alt.)
SBC Communications, Inc.	Robert J. Hall Clifton Campbell (Alt.)
Siemens Information and Communication Networks, Inc.	Glenn F. Sisson Haluk Keskiner (Alt.)
Sprint - Long Distance Division	James Lord
Symmetricon, Inc.	John Ehrig Gary Hamann (Alt.)
Tandem Telecommunications Systems, Inc.	John L. Schantz Anantha Ramu (Alt.)
Tekelec, Inc.	Virgil Long Dan Bantukul (Alt.)
Tellabs Operations, Inc.	Jim Orme Mike Wurst (Alt.)
US Telephone Association (USTA)	Vern Junkmann Donald G. Bender (Alt.)
US WEST	Darryl Debault James L. Eitel (Alt.)

Working Group T1S1.3 developed this standard. Over the course of its development, the following individuals participated in the Working Group's discussions and made significant contributions to the standard:

W. Downum, Chairman
Dana Shillingburg, Vice-Chairman

Jeff Copley, Convener
Rich Hemmeter, Convener
Terry Reese, Editor
Ray P. Singh, Editor

Bjorn Ahle
James Calme
Janey Cheu
Koan Chong
Carol Defazio
Ranga Dendi
Rick Doblin
Martin Dolly
Stuart Goldman
Rakesh Gupta
Bob Hall
Doug Hedger
William Krall
Doris Lebovits
Ceyan Lennon
Richard Levine

Anne Livingston
Virgil long
Jim Lord
Mike McGrew
Don Mickel
Stewart Patch
Yatendra Pathak
Walt Roehr
John Roquet
John Schantz
Glenn Sisson
Alan Varney
Stan Wainberg
Volnie Whyte
Scott Wilson
Yi Zhao

American National Standard for Telecommunications –

Signalling System Number 7 (SS7) – Intermediate Network Selection (INS)

1 Scope, Purpose, and Application

The Intermediate Network Selection (INS) network capability allows an application process in the origination network to specify a single intermediate signalling network for non-circuit-associated signalling messages. This network capability also includes functionality that may be used to route non-circuit-associated messages in a number portability environment. Specifically, in a number portability environment, this capability allows the selected intermediate network to use the number portability routing information derived at a special translation node (e.g., 10-digit translation node in the origination network) to route messages towards the destination network.

The INS capability may be invoked by a variety of services and network capabilities. The end user can interact with an end-user service that may invoke the INS capability. The specific end-user service that invokes INS is not within the scope of this capability description. Therefore, the INS capability is not visible to the end user, but allows an end-user service to take place. Thus, there is a “layering” of services and capabilities, and the visible end-user services may need the INS capability to complete.

2 Normative Reference

The following standard contains provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this American National Standard. At the time of publication, the edition indicated was valid. All standards are subject to revision, and the parties to agreements based on this American National Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the standard indicated below.

T1.112-1996, *Telecommunications - Signalling System number 7 (SS7) - Signalling Connection Control Part (SCCP)*¹⁾

3 Definitions and Acronyms

3.1 Definitions

3.1 Constrained routing information: If a message arriving at an INS-capable STP includes unused constrained routing information, the unused constrained routing information²⁾ indicates one intermediate SS7 network that the message will traverse. The constrained routing information will be used to select and direct the message toward the next explicitly indicated network. If this instruction is not followed, the message fails.

¹⁾ For electronic copies of some standards, visit ANSI's Electronic Standards Store (ESS) at www.ansi.org. For printed versions of all these standards, contact Global Engineering Documents, 15 Inverness Way East, Englewood, CO 80112-5704, (800) 854-7179.

²⁾ Constrained routing information may also indicate a second network that was not populated by the initiating node (e.g., the result of a number portability specific translation).